## What is claimed is:

1. A method of generating an interleave pattern for n lots of A and (2<sup>z</sup> - n) lots of B, comprising:

creating a key comprised of the reverse bit order of a serially indexed count from 0 to  $2^z$ ; and

generating an interleave pattern corresponding to said key in which all values in the key less than n are replaced by A and all other values in the key are replaced by B.

2. A method of generating an interleave pattern for n lots of A and y lots of B, where n plus y does not equal a power of two, comprising:

creating a list in which the entries are comprised of the reverse bit order of a serially indexed count from 0 to  $2^z$ ;

selecting a portion of the list;

renumbering the selected portion of the list to form a key; and

generating an interleave pattern corresponding to said key in which all values in the key less than n are replaced by A and all other values in the key are replaced by B.

- 3. The method of claim 2 wherein said selecting includes selecting a centered portion.
- 4. The method of claim 2 wherein said selecting includes dropping entries alternately from each side of the list.
- 5. The method of claim 2 wherein said renumbering includes renumbering in order of ascending value.
- 6. A method, comprising:

creating a key comprised of the reverse bit order of a serially indexed count from 0 to  $2^z$ ;

creating a table of interleave patterns for all values of n lots of A and  $(2^z - n)$  lots of B based on said key; and

storing said table.

- 7. The method of claim 6 additionally comprising automatically selecting an interleave pattern from said table based on one of the values n and  $(2^z n)$ .
- 8. The method of claim 7 additionally comprising generating an interleave pattern based on said selecting.
- 9. A method, comprising:

selecting a value of 2<sup>2</sup> which is greater than the value of n lots of A plus y lots of B, but less than twice that value;

creating a list in which the entries are comprised of the reverse bit order of a serially indexed count from 0 to  $2^z$ ;

selecting a portion of the list;

renumbering the selected portion of the list to form a key;

creating a table of interleave patterns for all values of n lots of A and y lots of B based on said key; and

storing said table.

- 10. The method of claim 9 wherein said selecting includes selecting a centered portion.
- 11. The method of claim 9 wherein said selecting includes dropping entries alternately from each side of the list.
- 12. The method of claim 9 wherein said renumbering includes renumbering in order of ascending value.
- 13. The method of claim 9 additionally comprising automatically selecting an interleave pattern from said table based on one of the values n and y.
- 14. The method of claim 13 additionally comprising generating an interleave pattern based on said selecting.
- 15. A memory device carrying a set of instructions which, when executed, perform a method comprising:

creating a key comprised of the reverse bit order of a serially indexed count from 0 to  $2^z$ ; and

generating an interleave pattern corresponding to said key in which all values in the key less than n are replaced by A and all other values in the key are replaced by B to generate an interleave pattern for n lots of A and  $(2^z - n)$  lots of B.